

Features under this legislation include the immediate and automatic impounding of any motor-vehicle after an accident if the operator is unable to produce proof of financial responsibility at the time. Impoundment continues until the owner or driver settles any claims for damages or bodily injury sustained, or deposits with the Provincial Treasurer security sufficient to cover any judgment which may be recovered and until the owner of the vehicle has filed proof of financial responsibility for the future.

Driving privileges of financially irresponsible motorists are indefinitely suspended pending settlement of damage claims or deposit of security and the filing of proof of financial responsibility.

A trust fund called the Unsatisfied Judgment Fund provides for payment of judgments for bodily injuries and deaths in cases where the judgment debtor does not pay. This Fund also provides for the victims of hit-and-run motorists.

Administration.—Provincial Treasurer, Winnipeg. *Legislation.*—The Highway Traffic Act (R.S.M. 1940, c. 93) and amendments.

Saskatchewan.—Financial Responsibility Legislation in this Province was placed on the Statutes in 1933 and provides that, where a judgment is rendered in any court in Canada for damages on account of death or injury to any person or on account of damage to property in excess of \$50 occasioned by a motor-vehicle and the person fails to satisfy the judgment within 30 days from the date upon which it becomes final, the Board shall suspend the operator's or chauffeur's licence issued to the person against whom the judgment is rendered and the registration of every motor-vehicle registered in his name. Judgment must be satisfied before licences are reinstated and the person so liable must give proof of financial responsibility for future motor-vehicle accidents in the amount of \$11,000 for a period of three years.

The Automobile Accident Insurance Act was passed by the Legislature and placed on the Statutes during 1946 and provides collision insurance, personal injury insurance, and public liability and property damage insurance in the amounts as set forth in the said Act. Saskatchewan citizens are provided with insurance against death or personal injury resulting directly from motor-vehicle accidents. Every person is automatically provided with public liability and property damage insurance to the extent of the amount paid for personal injuries or property damage which is payable by the insurance office.

Administration.—Treasury Department, Taxation Branch, Highway Traffic Board, Revenue Building, Regina. *Legislation.*—The Vehicles Act (R.S.S. 1945, c. 98).

Alberta.—In 1947 the Alberta Legislature passed the Automobile Accident Indemnity Act (later the title was amended to the Motor Vehicle Accident Indemnity Act), the main provisions of which are: the suspension of the licences of all drivers directly or indirectly involved in an accident which results in bodily injury, or in damage to property exceeding \$75 in value (changed from \$25 in 1949), if proof of financial responsibility on the part of the driver is not forthcoming; and an Unsatisfied Judgment Fund is set up on the basis of a fee of \$1 per year, collected for each licensed motor-vehicle, in addition to the regular registration fee. Action may be taken against the Superintendent of the Fund where a judgment for an amount exceeding \$100 has been obtained following a motor-vehicle accident, if